



## Examination report

Diesel fuel filter

SWK 2000/5 - 50

- Part A : Differential pressure curves
- Part B : Water separation
- Part C : Solids separation  
and  
backwashing

Reference no. : 3.1.2-46/84  
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Essen, 06.12.93  
Sci/Dke

## Report

on the examination of diesel fuel filter  
SWK 2000/5 - 50

Client ..... Willibrord Lösing  
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Examination object ..... Diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50  
with filter elements

- 10  $\mu\text{m}$
- 30  $\mu\text{m}$

Aims of the examination ..... A. Measurement of the pressure loss  
curves

B. Measurement of the degrees of  
water separation

C. Measurement of solids separation  
and backwashing behaviour

## **Part A**

### ***Differential pressure curves***

#### **1. Examination object**

The diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50 to be examined is designed for installation on the suction side. The nominal flow rate is 6 l/min.

Extra light heating oil with a density of 0.845 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (at 15 °C) was used as the test oil.

#### **2. Examination commission**

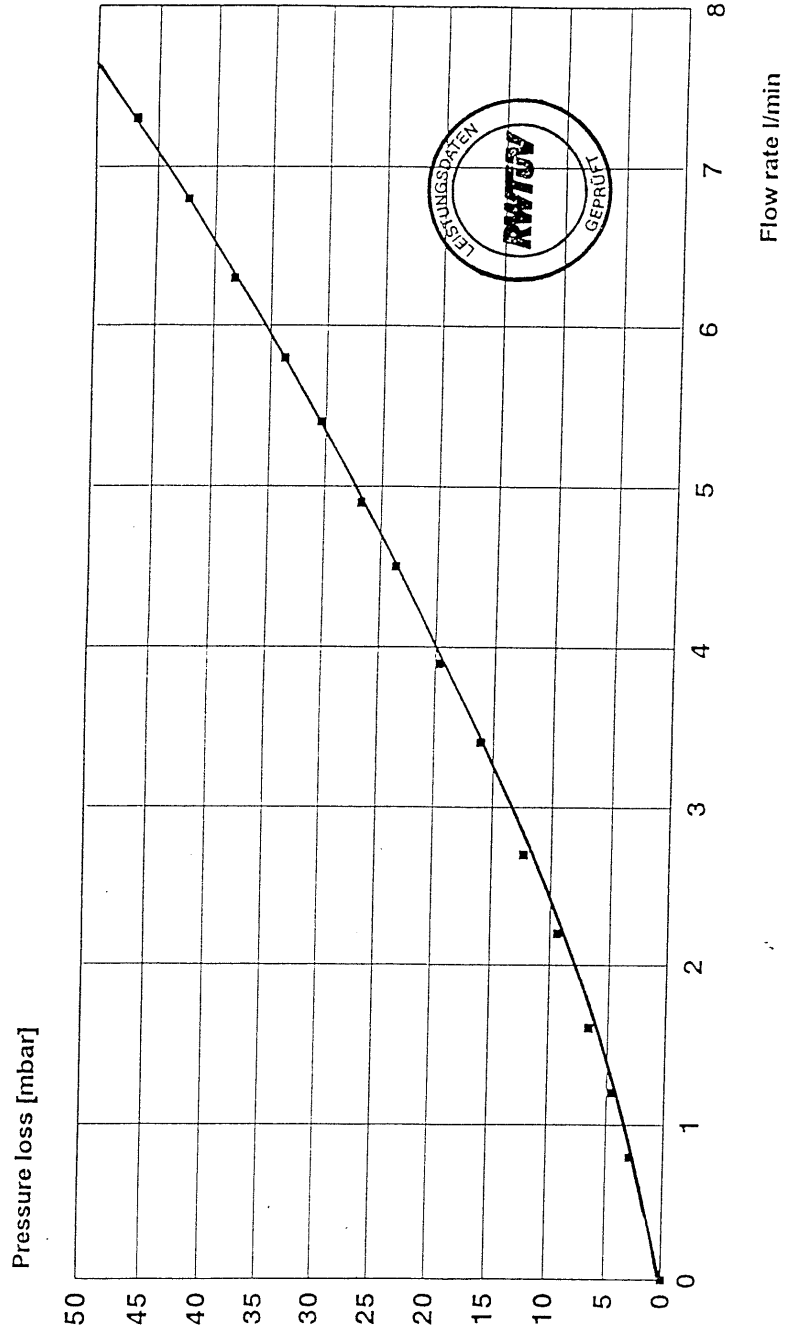
Measurement of the pressure differentials up to the nominal flow rate of 6 l/min. with the 10 µm and 30 µm filter elements and the plotting of the differential pressure curves ( $\Delta p = f(V)$ ).

#### **3. Results of the examination**

The differential pressure curves are shown in Annex 1 of Part A of this examination report.

Annex

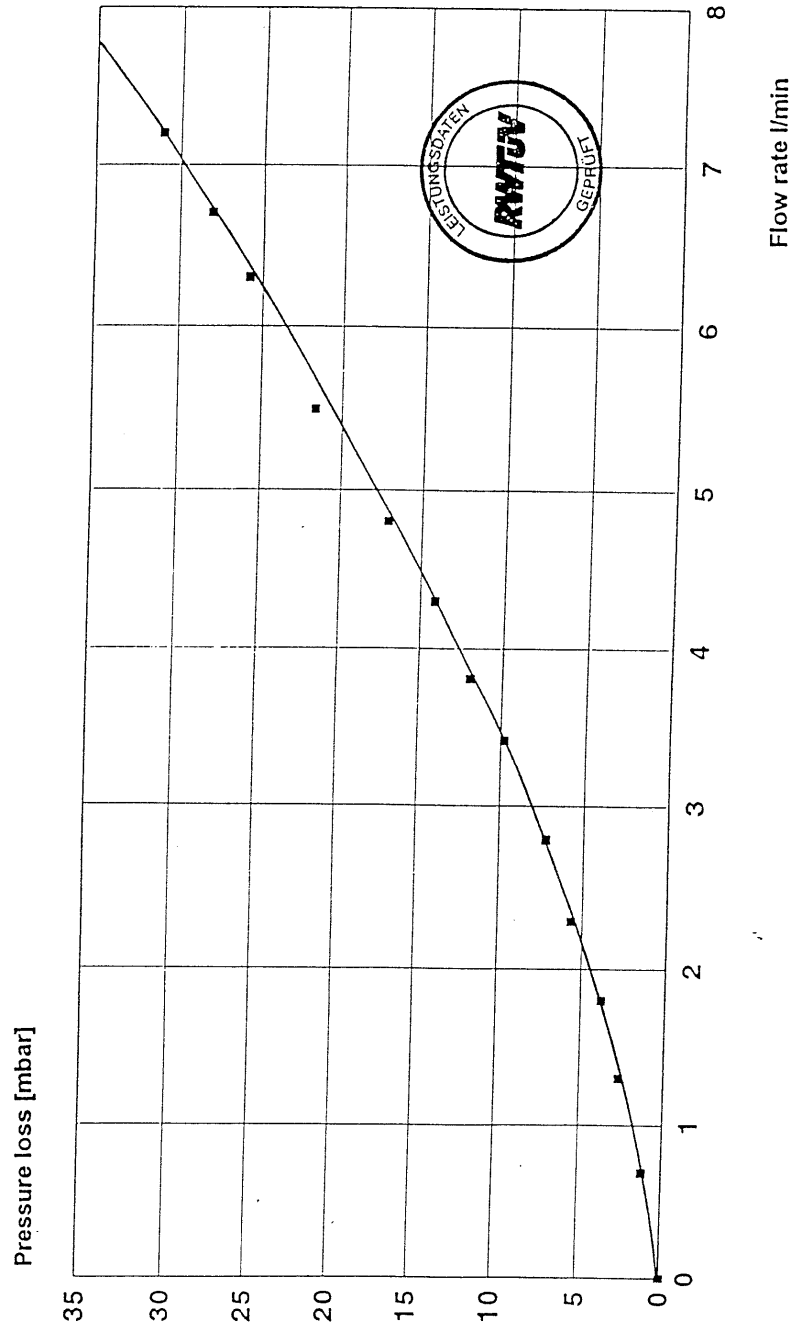
**Pressure loss measurement on a diesel fuel filter**



Type of filter: Separ SWK 2000/5-50

Filter element: 10 µm

**Pressure loss measurement on a diesel fuel filter**



Type of filter: Separ SWK 2000/5-50

Filter element: 30 µm

## **Part B**

### **Water separation**

#### **1. Examination object**

The diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50 to be examined is designed for installation on the suction side. The nominal flow rate is 6 l/min.

Extra light heating oil with a density of 0.845 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (at 15 °C) was used as the test oil.

The water was continuously fed into the filter's suction line and intermittently extracted from the filter casing without interruption of the test run.

#### **2. Examination commission**

Determining the degrees of water separation using 10 µm and 30 µm filter elements.

- Feeding water into the test oil stream : 0.2 % by volume
- Test oil flow rates : 2 l/min., 4 l/min. and 6 l/min.
- Test time : 60 mins in each case
- Sampling after 15 mins, 30 mins, 45 mins and 60 mins.

#### **3. Results of the examination**

The results of the measurements are shown in Annex 1 of Part B of this examination report.

In the calculation of the degree of separation only the water rate specifically fed into the test oil stream, namely 0.2 % by volume, was taken into account.

#### **Annex**

**Water separation**  
**Diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50**

Filter element : 10 µm  
 Test oil flow rates : 2 l/min, 4 l/min, 6 l/min  
 Feeding water : 0.2 % by volume

Point when sample taken [min]	Sample no. 1)	Water content in test oil stream [mg/kg]	Water content of the sample [mg/kg]	Degree of water separation [%]
-	<u>1st 0-sample</u>	0 + 27	27 - 27 = 0	100
15	5-10-2-15	2381 + 27	30 - 27 = 3	99,87
30	5-10-2-30	2381 + 27	35 - 27 = 8	99,66
45	5-10-2-45	2381 + 27	33 - 27 = 6	99,75
60	5-10-2-60	2381 + 27	34 - 27 = 7	99,71
-	<u>2nd 0-sample</u>	0 + 24	24 - 24 = 0	100
15	5-10-4-15	2381 + 24	39 - 24 = 15	99,37
30	5-10-4-30	2381 + 24	30 - 24 = 6	99,75
45	5-10-4-45	2381 + 24	34 - 24 = 10	99,58
60	5-10-4-60	2381 + 24	35 - 24 = 11	99,54
-	<u>3rd 0-sample</u>	0 + 16	16 - 16 = 0	100
15	5-10-6-15	2381 + 16	31 - 16 = 15	99,37
30	5-10-6-30	2381 + 16	27 - 16 = 11	99,54
45	5-10-6-45	2381 + 16	32 - 16 = 16	99,33
60	5-10-6-60	2381 + 16	78 - 16 = 62	97,40
-	<u>4th 0-sample</u>	0 + 20	20 - 20 = 0	100

1) Structure of sample no.: type of filter - size of pores [µm] - test oil flow rate [l/min] - point when sample taken [min]

## Water separation

Diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50

Filter element : 30 µm  
 Test oil flow rates : 2 l/min, 4 l/min, 6 l/min  
 Feeding water : 0,2 Vol. %

Point when sample taken [min]	Sample no. <sup>1)</sup> [-]	Water content in test oil stream [mg/kg]	Water content of the sample [mg/kg]	Degree of water separation [%]
-	<b>1st 0-sample</b>	0 + 47	47 - 47 = 0	100
15	5-30-2-15	2381 + 47	45 - 47 = 0	100
30	5-30-2-30	2381 + 47	44 - 47 = 0	100
45	5-30-2-45	2381 + 47	33 - 47 = 0	100
60	5-30-2-60	2381 + 47	36 - 47 = 0	100
-	<b>2nd 0-sample</b>	0 + 40	40 - 40 = 0	100
15	5-30-4-15	2381 + 40	145 - 40 = 105	95,59
30	5-30-4-30	2381 + 40	101 - 40 = 61	97,44
45	5-30-4-45	2381 + 40	49 - 40 = 9	99,62
60	5-30-4-60	2381 + 40	48 - 40 = 8	99,66
-	<b>3rd 0-sample</b>	0 + 32	32 - 32 = 0	100
15	5-30-6-15	2381 + 32	113 - 32 = 81	96,60
30	5-30-6-30	2381 + 32	427 - 32 = 395	83,41
45	5-30-6-45	2381 + 32	267 - 32 = 235	90,13
60	5-30-6-60	2381 + 32	645 - 32 = 613	74,25
-	<b>4th 0-sample</b>	0 + 35	35 - 35 = 0	100

<sup>1)</sup> Structure of sample no.: type of filter - size of pores [µm] - test oil flow rate [l/min] - point when sample taken [min]



## **Part C**

### ***Solids separation and backwashing behaviour***

#### **1. Examination object**

The diesel fuel filter SWK 2000/5-50 to be examined is designed for installation on the suction side. The nominal flow rate is 6 l/min.

Extra light heating oil with a density of 0.845 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (at 15 °C) was used as the test oil.

Coarse air cleaner test dust was used as the solid.

#### **2. Examination commission**

Measurement of solids separation and backwashing behaviour with use of 10 µm and 30 µm filter elements was as follows:

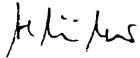
- (1) Exposure of the filter to clean test oil (filtered through a 2 µm filter element) and the measurement of pressure loss.
- (2) Switching over to the contaminated oil tank.
- (3) At  $\Delta p > 300$  mbar the pump was switched off and, at the same time, the filter was shut off on both the suction and the pressure sides.
- (4) Opening of the vent screw and draining of the test oil from the filter casing including all the solid slurry; determination of the solids content in this sample.
- (5) Restart-up of the system with clean test oil and measurement of pressure loss.
- (6) etc.
  - o Test oil flow rate : 5 l/min.
  - o Solids concentration in the test oil : 0.05 % by weight with 10 µm filter element  
0.1 % by weight with 30 µm filter element

### 3. Results of the examination

The results of the measurements conducted with regard to the solids separation and backwashing behaviour are shown in Annex 1 of Part C of this examination report.

#### Annex

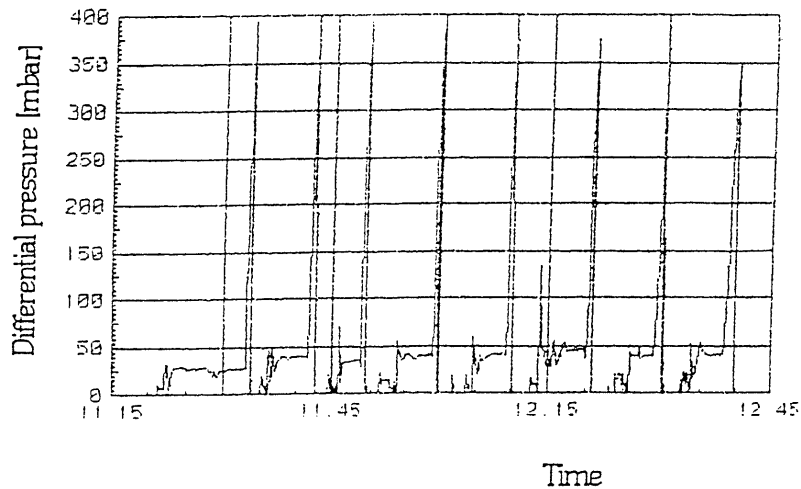
For the contents



Dipl.-Ing. R. Schüler

**RWTÜV Anlagentechnik GmbH**  
**Energy Technology Subdivision****Solids separation measurement**

Filter : SWK 2000/5-50  
Filter element : 10 µm  
Solid : Coarse air cleaner test dust  
Solid concentration rate at the start : 0.05 % by weight (corresponding to 63 g)  
Test oil flow rate : 5 l/min.

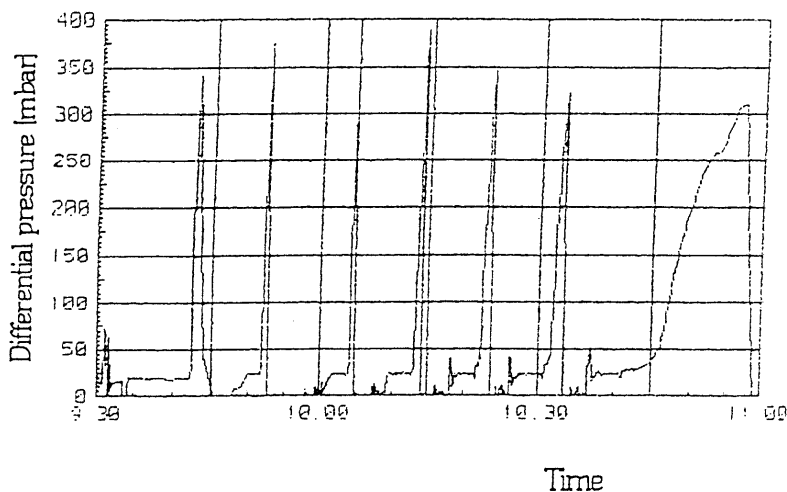


$\Delta p$ at the start	: 27 mbar		
$\Delta p$ after run 1	: 39 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	12.2 g
$\Delta p$ after run 2	: 36 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	11.1 g
$\Delta p$ after run 3	: 40 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	6.2 g
$\Delta p$ after run 4	: 40 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	7.6 g
$\Delta p$ after run 5	: 45 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	5.0 g
$\Delta p$ after run 6	: 40 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	3.4 g
$\Delta p$ after run 7	: 40 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	3.7 g
$\Delta p$ after run 8	: --- ;	<u>amount of solids in the sample:</u>	<u>3.8 g</u>
		total amount of solids:	53.0 g

**RWTÜV Anlagentechnik GmbH**  
**Energy Technology Subdivision**

**Solids separation measurement**

Filter : SWK 2000/5-50  
 Filter element : 30 µm  
 Solid : Coarse air cleaner test dust  
 Solid concentration rate at the start : 0,1 Gew. % by weight (corresponding to 126 g)  
 Test oil flow rate : 5 l/min.



$\Delta p$ at the start	: 22 mbar		
$\Delta p$ after run 1	: 24 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	31.6 g
$\Delta p$ after run 2	: 24 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	26.5 g
$\Delta p$ after run 3	: 24 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	20.6 g
$\Delta p$ after run 4	: 23 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	13.9 g
$\Delta p$ after run 5	: 23 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	7.4 g
$\Delta p$ after run 6	: 23 mbar;	amount of solids in the sample:	4.8 g
$\Delta p$ after run 7	: --- ;	<u>amount of solids in the sample:</u>	<u>4.7 g</u>
		total amount of solids:	109.5 g